

1. If $f : X \rightarrow Y$ is a continuous map from a separable space X onto a space Y , must Y be separable? Prove or give a counter example.

2. Let $\{K_n | n \in \mathbb{N}\}$ be a decreasing sequence of nonempty, compact subsets of a Hausdorff space X . If U is an open set in X with $\bigcap_{n=0}^{\infty} K_n \subset U$, prove that $K_n \subset U$ for some n . (\mathbb{N} denotes the set of positive integers.)

3. Let $f : X \rightarrow Y$ be a continuous map and let $G = \{(x, y) \in X \times Y | y = f(x)\}$, where G has the subspace topology inherited from $X \times Y$.
 - (a) Prove that X is homeomorphic to G .
 - (b) If Y is a Hausdorff space, then prove that G is a closed subset of $X \times Y$.

4. Let $p : X \rightarrow X/\sim$ be the quotient map induced by an equivalence relation \sim on a space X . Suppose \mathcal{T} is a topology on X/\sim such that p is continuous with respect to \mathcal{T} and such that an arbitrary map $g : X/\sim \rightarrow Y$ is continuous with respect to \mathcal{T} precisely when its composite $g \circ p : X \rightarrow Y$ is continuous. Must \mathcal{T} be the quotient topology? Prove or disprove.

5. Let A and B be subsets of a topological space X such that $A \cup B$ and $A \cap B$ are both connected.
 - (a) If A and B are both closed subsets of X , prove that A is connected.
 - (b) Is the hypothesis that A and B be closed really needed to prove that A is connected? Justify your answer.