

August 12, 2011

## 2011 Complex Prelim

$\Delta$  is the open unit disk;  $\partial D$  is the boundary of the domain  $D$ ;  $\mathbb{C}$  is the complex plane and  $\hat{\mathbb{C}}$  is the Riemann sphere (i.e. the extended complex plane);  $\mathcal{O} = \mathcal{O}(D)$  is the set of function holomorphic (or equivalently analytic) in the domain  $D$ .

*Justify your reasoning in all problems.*

- (1) Evaluate the following integral:

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{x^4 + 1} dx$$

*This problem requires more than just a calculation. Justify all steps, including all the estimates and taking limits that are needed.*

- (2) Suppose

$$D := \{z \in \mathbb{C} : |z - i| < \sqrt{2} \text{ and } |z + i| < \sqrt{2}\}.$$

- (a) Prove that there is no conformal map of  $D$  onto  $\mathbb{C}$ .  
(b) If there is one, find a conformal map of  $D$  to the unit disk  $\Delta$ . If none exists, prove it.

- (3) Prove that the Fundamental Theorem of Algebra is a direct consequence of Rouché's Theorem.

- (4) (a) Suppose  $f$  is holomorphic in  $\Delta \setminus \{0\}$ . What consequence would follow if  $|z^2 f(z)|$  is bounded?  
(b) Consider a family of functions that are holomorphic on  $\Delta \setminus \{0\}$  and for which there is a uniform bound for  $|z^2 f(z)|$  on  $\Delta \setminus \{0\}$ . Is this family normal?

- (5) Consider all functions  $f$  which are holomorphic for  $\operatorname{Re}(z) > 0$ , take values in  $\Delta$ , and vanish at  $z = 1$ . What is the least upper bound for  $|f(2)|$ ? Is it achieved?