

## STUDY GUIDE FOR PH.D EXAM IN REAL ANALYSIS

### Basics of abstract analysis.

- Sequences and series of functions on compact metric spaces, uniform convergence, equicontinuous families on  $C(K)$  and Arzelà-Ascoli theorem. Algebras of functions that separate points and Stone-Weierstrass theorem in  $C(K)$ .

### Abstract integration (Lebesgue integration theory).

- Measure spaces and measurable functions.
- Outer measures and Carathéodory's theorem.
- Convergence theorems: Fatou's Lemma, Monotone and Dominated Convergence Theorems.
- Product measures. Fubini's and Tonelli's theorems.
- Signed measures and complex measures. Hahn-Jordan decomposition.
- Lebesgue decomposition. Radon-Nikodym Theorem.
- Modes of convergence and how they are related: uniform, pointwise, almost everywhere, in measure, in  $L^p$ -norm.
- Duality: Riesz Representation Theorem for bounded linear functionals on  $C(K)$ .

### Integration on $\mathbb{R}^n$ .

- Lebesgue measure on  $\mathbb{R}^n$ . Borel and Lebesgue  $\sigma$ -algebras. Non-measurable sets.
- Borel measures on  $\mathbb{R}$  and their completion (Lebesgue-Stieltjes measures).
- Functions of bounded variation on  $\mathbb{R}$  and absolutely continuous functions on  $\mathbb{R}$ . Riemann-Stieltjes integral.
- Characterization of Riemann integrability and Riemann integration through Lebesgue theory. Lebesgue Differentiation Theorem. Fundamental Theorem of Calculus for Lebesgue integrals.

### $L^p$ -spaces.

- Basic convexity inequalities: Hölder (including Cauchy-Schwarz), Minkowski, Jensen.
- Completeness. Separability.
- Duality: Riesz Representation Theorem for bounded linear functionals on  $L^p$ .

### References.

Real Analysis and Probability, R.M. Dudley.

Real Analysis: Modern Techniques and Their Applications, G. Folland.

Real and Complex Analysis, W. Rudin.

Real Analysis, H.M. Royden.

Measure and Integral, R.L. Wheeden and A. Zygmund.