

MATH 5410, Preliminary Exam

DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS
University of Connecticut

August 23, 2010

NAME: _____ SIGNATURE: _____

1. a) What is the definition of a compact linear operator from a Banach space X to itself;
b) Give an example of an operator for $X = L^2([0, 1])$ which is a compact linear operator and explain why;
c) Give an example of an operator for $X = L^2([0, 1])$ which is NOT a compact linear operator and explain why;
2. a) What is the definition of weak convergence of a sequence $\{x_n\}$ in a Hilbert space H ;
b) Prove that a strongly convergent sequence is also a weakly convergent sequence in H ;
c) Give an example of a weakly convergent sequence which is NOT strongly convergent in $L^2([0, 1])$ and explain;
3. a) Give an example of a distribution which can NOT be identified with a continuous function in R and explain why.
b) Define $\delta(0)$ as a distribution;
c) If $T(\phi) = \phi(0) + \phi'(1)$ for every $\phi \in \mathcal{D}(\mathcal{R})$, find ∂T the derivative of T .
4. a) Suppose f is an operator from Banach space X to itself. Give the definition of f being Fréchet differentiable at a point $x \in X$.
b) Let $X = C[0, 1]$ with sup-norm. Let $t_i \in [0, 1]$ and $v_i \in C[0, 1]$, and define $f(x) = \sum_{i=1}^n (x(t_i))v_i$. Prove that f is Fréchet differentiable at all points of X and find a formula for f' .
5. Find a function in $C^1[0, 1]$ that minimizes the integral $\int_0^1 [(u'(t))^2 + u(t)]dt$ with constraints $u'(0) = 0$ and $u(1) = 1$.
6. Find an orthonormal basis for $L^2[0, 1]$ by considering the Sturm-Liouville operator $Ax = x'' + x$ with $x(0) = x(1) = 0$. Explain the reasons (theory) behind your method.