Instructions and notation:

- (i) Give full justifications for all solutions in the exam booklet. Four completely correct solutions will guarantee a Ph.D. pass.
- (ii) Clearly state which theorems you are using and verify their assumptions.
- (iii) For $p \in \mathbb{C}$ and R > 0, $B(p, R) = \{z \in \mathbb{C} : |z p| < R\}$ and $\overline{B}(p, R) = \{z \in \mathbb{C} : |z p| \le R\}$.
- 1. Evaluate the following integral and justify your answer

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\sin x}{x^2 + 4x + 5} \, \mathrm{d}x.$$

- 2. Prove that the equation $z = 2 e^{-z}$ has exactly one root in $H = \{z \in \mathbb{C} : \text{Re}(z) > 0\}$.
- 3. Let *f* be an entire function such that $f(\mathbb{C}) \cap L = \emptyset$ for some line *L*. Show that *f* is a constant function.
- 4. Find all holomorphic functions $f : \mathbb{C} \to \mathbb{C}$ which satisfy

$$\int_0^{2\pi} |f(re^{it})| \, \mathrm{d}t \le r^\pi \text{ for all } r > 0.$$

5. Let $p \in \mathbb{C}, R > 0$, and let $f : \overline{B}(p, R) \to \mathbb{C}$ be a continuous function which is holomorphic in B(p, R). Let $\gamma(t) = p + Re^{it}, t \in [0, 2\pi]$. Show that

$$f(z) = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_{\gamma} \frac{f(w)}{w - z} \, \mathrm{d}w \text{ for all } z \in B(p, R).$$

- 6. Prove that if f has a non-removable isolated singularity at $p \in \mathbb{C}$ then e^f has an essential singularity at p.
- 7. Let $U \subseteq \mathbb{C}$ be a connected and simply connected set with $p, q \in U, p \neq q$. Let $f, g : U \to U$ be bijective holomorphic functions such that

$$f(p) = g(p)$$
 and $f(q) = g(q)$.

Show that f = g.